



GIA NATURAL DIAMOND GRADING REPORT

June 04, 2026
GIA Report Number 3555390066
Shape and Cutting Style Pear Brilliant
Measurements 9.52 x 5.68 x 3.22 mm

GRADING RESULTS

Carat Weight 1.07 carat
Color Grade D
Clarity Grade Flawless

ADDITIONAL GRADING INFORMATION

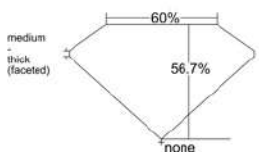
Polish Excellent
Symmetry Excellent
Fluorescence None
Inscription(s): GIA 3555390066

GIA.edu

GIA REPORT
3555390066

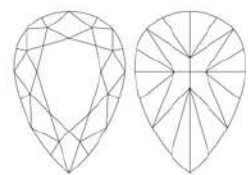
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PROPORTIONS



Profile not to actual proportions

CLARITY CHARACTERISTICS



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GRADING SCALES

GIA COLOR SCALE		GIA CLARITY SCALE	
DEFINITION	D	FLAWLESS	
	E		
	F	INTERNALLY FLAWLESS	
	G		
	H	VS ₁	
	I		
	J	VS ₂	
	K		
	L	SI ₁	
	M		
DEFINITION	N	SI ₂	
	O		
	P	I ₁	
	Q		
	R	I ₂	
	S		
	T	I ₃	
	U		
	V	I ₄	
	W		
DEFINITION	X		
	Y		
	Z		



The results documented in this report refer only to the diamond described, and were obtained using the techniques and equipment available to GIA at the time of examination. This report is not a guarantee or valuation. For additional information and important limitations and disclaimers, please see GIA.edu/terms or call +1 800 421 7250 or +1 760 483 4500. ©2023 Gemological Institute of America, Inc.

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DIAMOND TYPE CLASSIFICATION FOR GIA DIAMOND GRADING REPORT #3555390066

Scientists classify diamonds into two main "types" - type I and type II - based on the presence or absence of nitrogen which can replace carbon atoms in a diamond's atomic structure. These two diamond types can be distinguished on the basis of differences in their chemical and physical properties. Type II diamonds contain little if any nitrogen and they are subdivided into two groups (IIa and IIb) both of which are quite rare (less than 2% of all gem diamonds).

According to the records of the GIA Laboratory, the 1.07 carat Pear Brilliant diamond described in GIA Diamond Grading Report #3555390066 has been determined to be a **type IIa** diamond. Type IIa diamonds are the most chemically pure type of diamond and often have exceptional optical transparency. Type IIa diamonds were first identified as originating from India (particularly from the Golconda region) but have since been recovered in all major diamond-producing regions of the world.

Among famous gem diamonds, the 530.20 carat Cullinan I and the 105.60 carat Koh-i-noor are examples of type IIa.

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